

## MARKING SCHEME

## MT 3 - BUSINESS STUDIES (054)

Q.N	ANSWERS	MARK
1	Access to capital market	1
2	Regulatory framework	1
3	Protective function	1
4	Measurement of actual performance	1
5	Planning and controlling are inseparable twins of management.  The standards established for the purpose of comparing actual results are the results of planning.  When a plan becomes operational, controlling is essential to identify whether the plans are in conformity with the objectives of the organisation.  If the standards are not set in advance, managers have nothing to control. When there is no plan, there is no basis of controlling. Planning is prescriptive whereas controlling is evaluative.  Plans are prepared for future and are based on forecasts about future conditions where as controlling is like a post mortem of past activities to find out deviations from standards.  Planning and controlling are both backward and forward looking function	2
6	<ul> <li>FUNCTIONS OF STOCK EXCHANGE</li> <li>Providing liquidity and market ability to existing securities</li> <li>Pricing of securities</li> <li>Safety of transaction</li> <li>Contributes to economic growth</li> <li>Spreading of equity cult</li> <li>Providing scope for speculation</li> </ul>	4
7	a. ROI = EBIT/ Total investment Total investment = 400000 + (10000 x 760) = 8000000 ROI = 200000 / 8000000 X 100 = 2.5%  b. CALCULATION OF EPS	4

		1
	EBIT 200000	
	(-) Interest (400000 x 14% ) 56000	
	EBT 144000	
	(-) Tax @ 50% 72000	
	EAT 72000	
	Number of equity shares 10000	
	EPS ( 72000/10000 ) 7.2	
	The above investment proposal cannot be accepted	
	as the cost of debt is higher than the ROI	
	_	
8	TRADING AND SETTLEMENT PROCEDURE	6
	Any investor who want to take part in a stock	
	market transaction have to approach any registered	
	broker or sub broker and enter an agreement with	
	him	
	The investor has to sign a broker – client	
	agreement and to fill a client registration form	
	before buying or selling a security	
	<ul> <li>The investor has to provide the details and</li> </ul>	
	information relating to PAN, DoB, education and	
	qualification, residential status, bank account	
	details, depository account details etc.	
	Open a demat account with a depository participant	
	Then places an order with the broker to buy or sell	
	a security	
	The broker then will go online and connect to the	
	main stock exchange and match the shares and	
	best price available	
	When the price quoted matches with the	
	transaction, it will be communicated with the	
	brokers terminal and the order will be executed	
	electronically. The broker issues a trade	
	confirmation slip to the broker	
	After the trade has been executed, the broker	
	issues a contract note within 24 hours.	
	<ul> <li>Now the investor has to deliver the shares sold or</li> </ul>	
	pay cash for the shares bought on pay in day which	
	is before T + 2 day.	
	<ul> <li>On the T + 2 day, the exchange will deliver the</li> </ul>	
	shares or make the payment.	
	THE END	